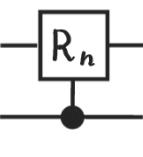


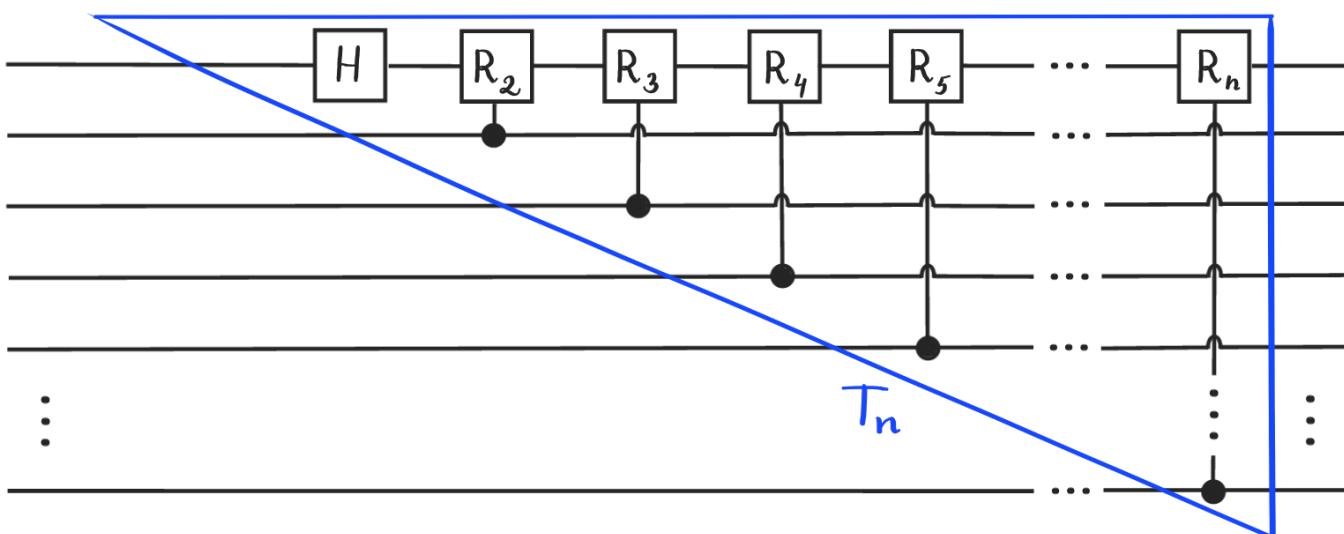
Реализация на дискретните Фурье трансформации с квантови преводи

Николао Милов

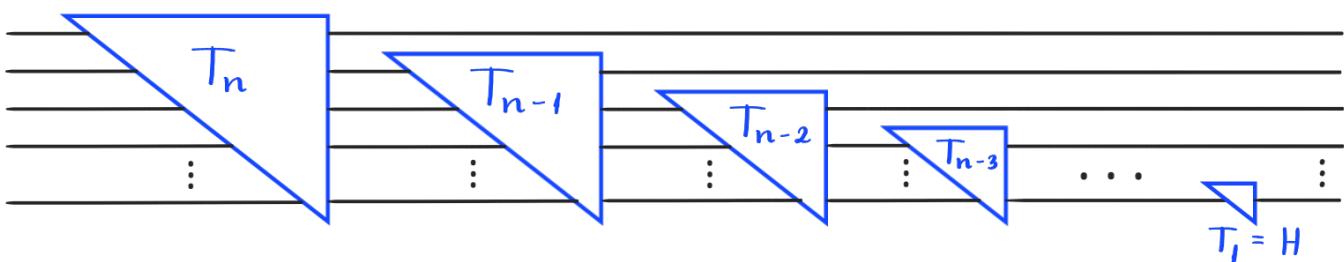
Използват се следните базисни гейтове:

-  $H e_j = 2^{-1/2} (e_0 + (-1)^j e_1) = 2^{-1/2} \sum_{k=0,1} \exp\left(2\pi i \frac{jk}{2}\right) e_k$
 $2^{-1/2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
 -  $R_n e_j \otimes e_k = \exp\left(2\pi i \frac{jk}{2^n}\right) e_j \otimes e_k$
- когест
 $j, k \in \{0, 1\}$*
- 
- алтернативно означение (тип "условна операция")
- за $n = 2, 3, \dots$

Градивните блокове на веригата са описани във



Челата композиция е:



1. Как генерба T_n : $T_n(e_{j_1} \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n})$

$$? = 2^{-1/2} \left(e_0 + \exp\left(2\pi i [0.j_1 j_2 j_3 j_4 j_5 \dots j_n]_2\right) e_1 \right) \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

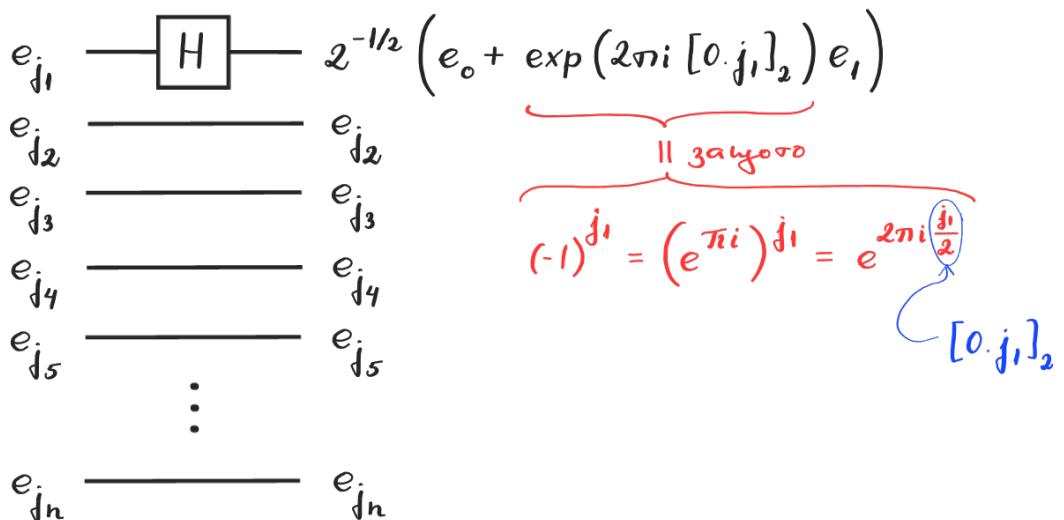
когда $[0.j_1 j_2 j_3 j_4 j_5 \dots j_n]_2$ е гбоихара гро:

$$[0.j_1 j_2 j_3 j_4 j_5 \dots j_n]_2 := j_1 2^{-1} + j_2 2^{-2} + j_3 2^{-3} + j_4 2^{-4} + j_5 2^{-5} + \dots + j_n 2^{-n}.$$

Доказательство:

$$T_n(e_{j_1} \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}) = ?$$

Спека 1:



$$e_{j_1} \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

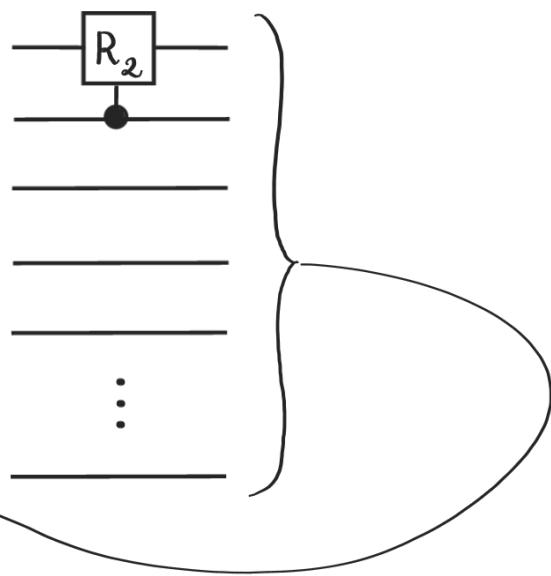
$$\mapsto H e_{j_1} \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} \left(e_0 + \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1]_2) e_1 \right) \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$+ 2^{-1/2} \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1]_2) e_1 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

Стенка 2:



$$2^{-1/2} e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$\underbrace{\phantom{e_0 \otimes e_{j_2}}}_{\downarrow R_2}$

$$e^{2\pi i \frac{0 \cdot j_2}{x^2}} e_0 \otimes e_{j_2}$$

\hookrightarrow_1

$$+ 2^{-1/2} \exp(2\pi i [0 \cdot j_1]_2) e_1 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$e^{2\pi i \frac{1 \cdot j_2}{x^2}} e_1 \otimes e_{j_2}$$

$$\exp(2\pi i [0 \cdot 0 \cdot j_2]_2)$$

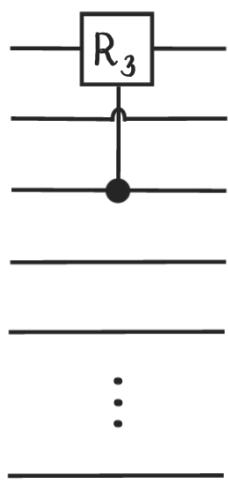
$$\exp(2\pi i [0 \cdot j_1]_2 + 2\pi i [0 \cdot 0 \cdot j_2]_2) = \exp(2\pi i [0 \cdot j_1 j_2]_2)$$

\Rightarrow результатата след стена 2 е:

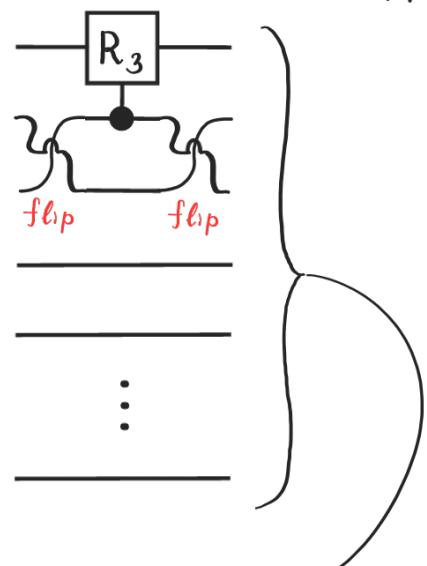
$$2^{-1/2} e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$+ 2^{-1/2} \exp(2\pi i [0 \cdot j_1 j_2]_2) e_1 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

Стенка 3:



- това е все едно -



$$2^{-\frac{1}{2}} e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$e^{2\pi i \frac{0 \cdot j_3}{2^3}}$ $e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3}$

$$+ 2^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1j_2]_2) e_1 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$e^{2\pi i \frac{1 \cdot j_3}{2^3}}$ $e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3}$

$$\exp(2\pi i [0.j_1j_2]_2 + 2\pi i [0.00j_3]_2) = \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1j_2j_3]_2)$$

\Rightarrow резултата след стена 3 е:

$$2^{-\frac{1}{2}} e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$+ 2^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1j_2j_3]_2) e_1 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

Аналогично, след събира и резултата е:

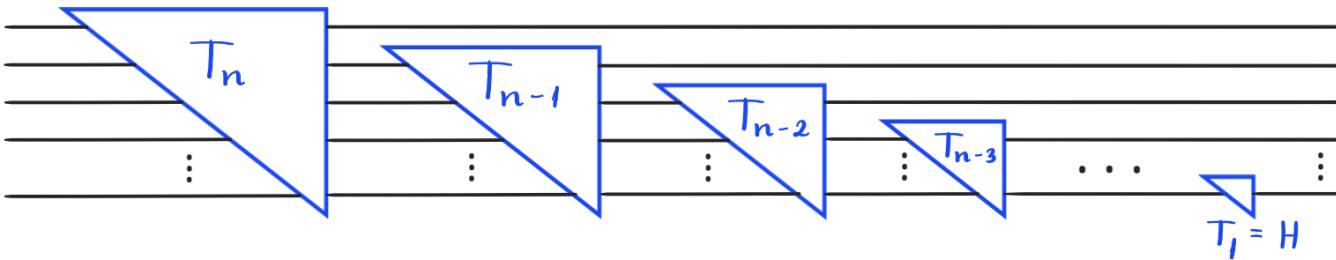
$$2^{-\frac{1}{2}} e_0 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$+ 2^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1 j_2 j_3 j_4 j_5 \dots j_n]_2) e_1 \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$= 2^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(e_0 + \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1 j_2 j_3 j_4 j_5 \dots j_n]_2) e_1 \right) \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes e_{j_4} \otimes e_{j_5} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

което и търдъхме

2. Изчисляване на композицията



$$\overbrace{\dots}^T_n \quad \overbrace{\dots}^{T_{n-1}} \quad \overbrace{\dots}^{T_{n-2}} \quad \overbrace{\dots}^{T_{n-3}} \quad \dots \quad \overbrace{\dots}^{T_1 = H}$$

$$2^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(e_0 + \exp(2\pi i [0.j_1 j_2 j_3 \dots j_n]_2) e_1 \right) \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

По индукция, резултата е:

$$e_{j_1} \otimes e_{j_2} \otimes e_{j_3} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$$

$$\mapsto 2^{-n/2} \bigotimes_{r=1}^n \left(e_0 + \exp\left(2\pi i [0.j_r \dots j_n]_2\right) e_1 \right) = ?$$

не е комулагивно - реда е важен!

Заделаване, че: $N = 2^n \Rightarrow 2^{-n/2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}}$

$$[j_1 \dots j_{r-1} \cdot j_r \dots j_n]_2 = \frac{[j_1 \dots j_n]_2}{2^{n-r+1}} \text{ и тогава}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \exp\left(2\pi i [0.j_r \dots j_n]_2\right) &= \exp\left(2\pi i ([j_1 \dots j_{r-1}]_2 + [0.j_r \dots j_n]_2)\right) = \\ &= \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{N} [j_1 \dots j_n]_2 \cdot 2^{r-1}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Следователно:

$$? = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \bigotimes_{r=1}^n \left(e_0 + \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{N} [j_1 \dots j_n]_2 \cdot 2^{r-1}\right) e_1 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \bigotimes_{r=1}^n \sum_{k_r=0}^1 \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{N} [j_1 \dots j_n]_2 \cdot 2^{r-1} k_r\right) e_{k_r}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{k_1, \dots, k_n=0}^1 \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{N} [j_1 \dots j_n]_2 \cdot \underbrace{\left(2^{n-1} k_n + \dots + 2^{1-1} k_1\right)}_{[k_n \dots k_1]_2}\right) e_{k_1} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{k_n} \underbrace{|[k_1 \dots k_n]_2\rangle}_{|k_1 \dots k_n\rangle}$$

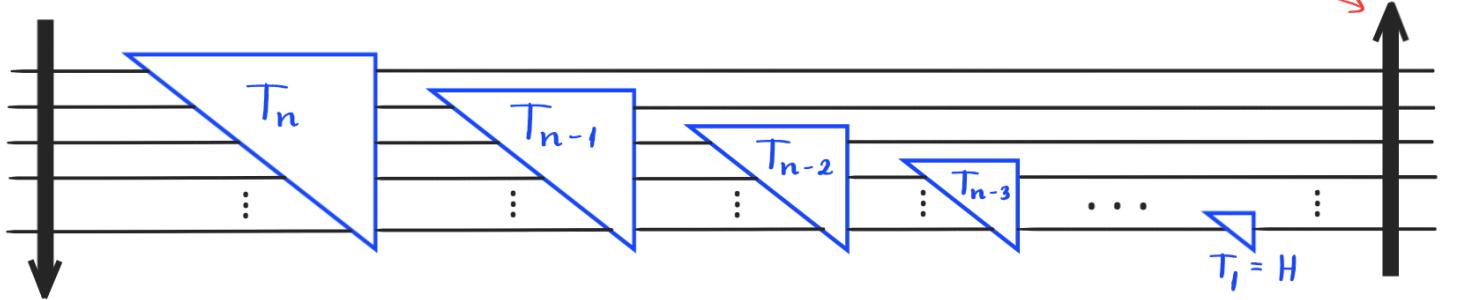
Крайни изводи:

Нека за $\mathbf{j}, \mathbf{k} = 0, \dots, N-1$ ($N = 2^n$) имаме двоични разлагания

$\mathbf{j} = [j_1 \dots j_n]_2$ и $\mathbf{k} = [k_1 \dots k_n]_2$ и нека

$|\mathbf{j}\rangle = |[j_1 \dots j_n]_2\rangle = e_{j_1} \otimes \dots \otimes e_{j_n}$ е стандартния базис на \mathbb{C}^N изразен с гензорно произведение.

Тогава преобраза



извършва дискретната Фурье трансформация

$$|\mathbf{j}\rangle \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{K=0}^{N-1} \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{N} \mathbf{j}K\right) |\mathbf{k}\rangle$$